# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MIDLAND DIVISION

CASE NO.

JAMES W. CLOSE,

Plaintiff,

VS.

JUSTINE "JB" SOSA, an individual and RICHARD PADILLA and CORBETTE PADILLA, husband and wife d.b.a STEAK 42 and MIDLAND MAJESTIC, LLC, a Texas Limited Liability Company,

Defendants.

# **COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff JAMES W. CLOSE (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), through the undersigned counsel, hereby files this complaint and sues JUSTINE "JB" SOSA, an individual and RICHARD PADILLA and CORBETTE PADILLA, husband and wife d.b.a STEAK 42 hereinafter ("STEAK 42") and MIDLAND MAJESTIC, LLC, (hereinafter "MAJESTIC") a Texas Limited Liability Company, (hereinafter, collectively referred to as "Defendants"), for declaratory and injunctive relief; for discrimination based on disability; and for the resultant attorney's fees, expenses, and costs (including, but not limited to, court costs and expert fees), pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12181 et. seq., ("AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990," or "ADA") and alleges:

#### **JURISDICTION**

1. This Court is vested with original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 and §343 for Plaintiff's claims arising under Title 42 U.S.C.

§12181 et. seq., based on Defendants' violations of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, (hereinafter referred to as the "ADA"). See also 28 U.S.C. §2201 and §2202.

#### VENUE

2. The venue of all events giving rise to this suit is located in Midland County, Texas. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(B) and rule 3.1 of Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas, this is the designated court for this suit.

# **PARTIES**

- 3. Plaintiff, JAMES W. CLOSE, is a resident of the State of Texas. At the time of Plaintiff's visit to STEAK 42 Plaintiff suffered from a "qualified disability" under the ADA, and required the use of a wheelchair for mobility. Plaintiff specifically suffers from blindness due to glaucoma combined with mobility issues related to congestive heart failure (CHF); diabetic neuropathy in both hands and feet; loss of a toe on both feet; cardiac bypass surgery, loss of balance and implantation of a cardiac pacemaker and is therefore confined to his wheelchair. The Plaintiff personally visited STEAK 42, but was denied full and equal access, and full and equal enjoyment of the facilities, services, goods, and amenities within STEAK 42, which is the subject of this suit.
- 4. Plaintiff visited STEAK 42 in July, 2015 but was unable to access the services at STEAK 42 because he personally encountered the following barriers in the parking lot:
- a. The existing parking facility on the West side of the property servicing the main public entrance does not have the required number of disabled parking spaces. 2010 ADA Standards 502.1 and 502.3

- b. There is no access aisle serving any existing parking space which would allow safe entrance to building entrance. 2010 ADA Standards 502.2
- c. There is currently no existing accessible route to help persons with disabilities safely maneuver through the parking facility as required in 2010 ADA Standards 502.3
- d. Parking facility does not provide a compliant disabled parking space. 2010 ADA Standards 208.2, 502.1
- e. Existing facility does not provide accessible route to the main entrance door on West side of building from any site arrival point. 2010 ADA Standards 206.2, 401.1, 501.1
- 5. Plaintiff will attempt to visit STEAK 42 again to utilize its' services but cannot do so at this time because of the ADA barriers present which create a real and immediate threat of personal injury.
- 6. In the alternative, Plaintiff, JAMES W. CLOSE, is an advocate of the rights of similarly situated disabled persons and is a "tester" for the purpose of asserting his civil rights and monitoring, ensuring and determining whether places of public accommodation are in compliance with the ADA.
- 7. Defendants, STEAK 42 and MAJESTIC, are authorized to conduct business and are in fact conducting business within the State of Texas. Upon information and belief, STEAK 42 is the lessee and/or operator of the Real Property (hereinafter "Subject Facility") and therefore held accountable of the violations of the ADA in the Subject Facility which is the matter of this suit. The Subject Facility is located at 911 S. BIG SPRING, MIDLAND, TEXAS. Upon information and belief, MAJESTIC is the owner and lessor of the Real Property where the Subject Facility is located.

### CLAIMS: VIOLATIONS OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

- 8. Plaintiff adopts and re-alleges the allegations stated in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this complaint, as are further explained herein.
- 9. On July 26, 1990, Congress enacted the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. §12101 et. seq. Commercial enterprises were provided one and a half years from enactment of the statute to implement its requirements.

The effective date of Title III of the ADA was January 26, 1992, or January 26, 1993 if Defendants had ten (10) or fewer employees and gross receipts of \$500,000 or less. See 42 U.S.C. §12181; 28 C.F.R. §36.508(a).

- 10. As stated in 42 U.S.C. §12101(a) (1)-(3), (5) and (9), Congress found, among other things, that:
  - i. some 43,000,000 Americans have one or more physical or mental disability, and this number shall increase as the population continues to grow and age;
  - ii. historically, society has tended to isolate and segregate individuals with disabilities and, despite some improvements, such forms of discrimination against disabled individuals continue to be a pervasive social problem, requiring serious attention;
  - iii. discrimination against disabled individuals persists in such critical areas as employment, housing, public accommodations, transportation, communication, recreation, institutionalization, health services, voting and access to public services and public facilities;
  - iv. individuals with disabilities continually suffer forms of discrimination, including: outright intentional exclusion; the discriminatory effects of architectural, transportation, and communication barriers; failure to make modifications to existing facilities and practices; exclusionary qualification standards and criteria; segregation, and regulation to lesser services, programs, benefits, or other opportunities; and,
  - v. the continuing existence of unfair and unnecessary discrimination and prejudice denies people with disabilities the opportunity to compete on an equal basis and to pursue those opportunities for which this country is justifiably famous, and costs the United States billions of dollars in unnecessary expenses resulting from dependency and non-productivity.
- 11. As stated in 42 U.S.C. §12101(b)(1)(2) and (4), Congress explicitly stated that the purpose of the ADA was to:
  - i. provide a clear and comprehensive national mandate for the elimination of discrimination against individuals with disabilities;
  - ii. provide clear, strong, consistent, enforceable standards addressing discrimination against individuals with disabilities; and,

- iii. invoke the sweep of congressional authority, including the power to enforce the fourteenth amendment and to regulate commerce, in order to address the major areas of discrimination faced on a daily basis by people with disabilities.
- 12. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12181(7), and 28 CFR §36.104, Title III, no individual may be discriminated against on the basis of disability with regards to the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, or accommodations of any place of public accommodation by any person who owns, leases (or leases to), or operates a place of public accommodation. STEAK 42 is a place of public accommodation by the fact it is an establishment that provides services to the general public, and therefore, must comply with the ADA.
- 13. The Defendants have discriminated, and continue to discriminate against the Plaintiff, and others who are similarly situated, by denying access to, and full and equal enjoyment of goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and/or accommodations at STEAK 42 located at 911 S. BIG SPRING, MIDLAND, TEXAS, as prohibited by 42 U.S.C. §12182, and 42 U.S.C. §12101 et. seq.; and by failing to remove architectural barriers pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).
- 14. Plaintiff has visited the Subject Facility, and has been denied full, safe, and equal access to the facility and therefore suffered an injury in fact.
- 15. Plaintiff would like to return and enjoy the goods and/or services at the Subject Facility on a spontaneous but full and equal basis. However, Plaintiff is precluded from doing so by the Defendants' failure and refusal to provide people with disabilities with full and equal access to their facility. Therefore, Plaintiff continues to suffer from discrimination and injury due to the architectural barriers, which are in violation of the ADA.
- 16. Pursuant to the mandates of 42 U.S.C. §12134(a), on July 26, 1991, the

Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, promulgated Federal Regulations to implement the requirements of the ADA. The ADA Accessibility guidelines (hereinafter referred to as "ADAAG"), 28 C.F.R. Part 36, may cause violators to obtain civil penalties of up to \$55,000 for the first violation and \$110,000 for any subsequent violation.

- 17. The Defendants are in violation of 42 U.S.C. §12181 et. seq., and 28 C.F.R. 36.302 et. seq., and are discriminating against the Plaintiff with the following specific violations:
- a. The existing parking facility on the West side of the property servicing the main public entrance does not have the required number of disabled parking spaces. 2010 ADA Standards 502.1 and 502.3
- b. There is no access aisle serving any existing parking space which would allow safe entrance to building entrance. 2010 ADA Standards 502.2
- c. There is currently no existing accessible route to help persons with disabilities safely maneuver through the parking facility as required in 2010 ADA Standards 502.3 Parking facility does not provide a compliant disabled parking space. 2010 ADA Standards 208.2, 502.1
- d. Existing facility does not provide accessible route to the main entrance door on the West side of building from any site arrival point. 2010 ADA Standards 206.2, 401.1, 501.1
- e. The facility does not provide compliant directional and informational signage to an accessible entrance. 2010 ADA Standards 216.6
- f. There is no signage addressing people with disabilities telling them that accessible services are provided. 2010 ADA Standards 216.3, 703.5
- 18. Upon information and belief there are other current violations of the ADA at STEAK 42. Only upon full inspection can all violations be identified. Accordingly, a complete list of violations will require an on-site inspection by Plaintiff's representatives pursuant to Rule 34b of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 19. To date, the readily achievable barriers and other violations of the ADA still exist and have not been remedied or altered in such a way as to effectuate compliance with the provisions of the ADA.
- 20. Pursuant to the ADA, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et. seq., and 28 C.F.R. §36.304,

the Defendants were required to make the establishment a place of public accommodation, accessible to persons with disabilities by January 28, 1992. As of this date the Defendants have failed to comply with this mandate.

- 21. The Plaintiff has been obligated to retain the undersigned counsel for the filing and prosecution of this action. Plaintiff is entitled to have its reasonable attorney's fees, costs and expenses paid by the Defendants, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12205.
- 20. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12188, this Court is vested with the authority to grant Plaintiff's injunctive relief, including an order to alter the subject facilities to make them readily accessible and useable by individuals with disabilities to the extent required by the ADA, and closing the Subject Facility until the requisite modifications are completed.

# **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

## For Violation Of The THRC, Tex. Hum. Res. Code Ann. § 121.001 et seq.

- 22. The allegations contained in the previous paragraphs are incorporated by reference.
- 23. "Public facilities includes...any other place of public accommodation, amusement, convenience, or resort to which the general public or any classification of persons from the general public is regularly, normally, or customarily invited." Tex. Hum. Res. Code Ann. § 121.002(5).
- 24. Defendants owns or operates a public facility as defined in § 121.002(5).
- 25. The THRC states "[p]ersons with disabilities have the same right as the able bodied to the full use and enjoyment of any public facility in the state." Tex. Hum. Res. Code Ann. § 121.003(a).
- 26. "The discrimination prohibited by [the THRC] includes...a failure to...comply with

Article 9102, Revised Statutes." 6 Tex. Hum. Res. Code Ann. § 121.003(d)(1). Thus, a violation of the TABA – and the 2012 TAS requirements adopted under the TABA – is a violation of the Tex. Hum. Res. Code § 121.003(d)(1).

- 27. In addition, the failure to "provide auxiliary aids and services necessary to allow the full use and enjoyment of the public facility" results in discrimination violative of the Tex. Hum. Res. Code Ann. § 121.003(d)(3). 6 As noted above, Article 9102 has been re-codified as Chapter 469 of the Texas Government Code.
- 28. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff in that it has denied individuals who are disabled the full use and enjoyment of its services in violation of the THRC and the 2012 TAS.
- 29. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff in that it has failed to provide auxiliary aids and services necessary to allow the full use and enjoyment of its services by individuals who are disabled in violation of the THRC.
- 30. Plaintiff has been damaged and will continue to be damaged by this discrimination as more fully set forth above.

### REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff demands judgment against the Defendants and requests the following injunctive and declaratory relief:

- 31. That this Honorable Court declares that the Subject Facility owned, operated and/or controlled by the Defendants is in violation of the ADA;
- 32. That this Honorable Court enter an Order requiring Defendants to alter the Subject Facility to make it accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities to the full extent required by Title III of the ADA;

33. That this Honorable Court enter an Order directing the Defendants to evaluate and neutralize their policies, practices and procedures toward persons with disabilities, for such reasonable time so as to allow the Defendants to undertake and complete corrective procedures to the Subject Facility;

34. That this Honorable Court award reasonable attorney's fees, all costs (including, but not limited to court costs and expert fees) and other expenses of suit, to the Plaintiff; and

35. That this Honorable Court award such other and further relief as it deems necessary, just and proper.

Dated this 10th day of September, 2015

Respectfully submitted by:

### s/Ronald E. Stern

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Defendants.

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 10th day of September, 2015, I electronically filed the Complaint along with a Summons for each Defendant with the Clerk of Court using CM/ECF. I also certify that the aforementioned documents are being served on all counsel of record, corporations, or pro se parties identified on the attached Service List in the manner specified via Service of Process by an authorized Process Server, and that all future pleadings, motions and documents will be served either via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF or Via U.S. Mail for those counsel or parties who are not authorized to receive electronically Notices of Electronic Filing.

By: s/Ronald E. Stern Ronald E. Stern, Esq. Texas Bar No.: 10089

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### **SERVICE LIST:**

JAMES W. CLOSE vs. JUSTINE "JB" SOSA, an individual and RICHARD PADILLA and CORBETTE PADILLA, husband and wife d.b.a STEAK 42 MIDLAND MAJESTIC, LLC, a Texas Limited Liability Company

### **CASE NO:**

United States District Court, Western District Of Texas, Midland Division

MIDLAND MAJESTIC, LLC

#### **REGISTERED AGENT:**

GEORGE SOSA 1106 N. Big Spring Midland, TX 79701

### **VIA PROCESS SERVER**

JUSTINE "JB" SOSA 1206 Storey Ave Midland TX 79701

### VIA PROCESS SERVER

RICHARD PADILLA 42 Lafayette Pl. Midland, TX 79705

## VIA PROCESS SERVER

CORBETTE PADILLA 42 Lafayette Pl. Midland, TX 79705

### VIA PROCESS SERVER